Fill in this information to identify yo	our case:
United States Bankruptcy Court fo	r the:
Northern District of	Texas
Case number (If known):	Chapter you are filing under: Chapter 7 Chapter 11 Chapter 12 Chapter 13

Official Form 101

Voluntary Petition for Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy

12/22

The bankruptcy forms use *you* and *Debtor 1* to refer to a debtor filing alone. A married couple may file a bankruptcy case together—called a *joint* case—and in joint cases, these forms use *you* to ask for information from both debtors. For example, if a form asks, "Do you own a car," the answer would be *yes* if either debtor owns a car. When information is needed about the spouses separately, the form uses *Debtor 1* and *Debtor 2* to distinguish between them. In joint cases, one of the spouses must report information as *Debtor 1* and the other as *Debtor 2*. The same person must be *Debtor 1* in all of the forms.

Be as complete and accurate as possible. If two married people are filing together, both are equally responsible for supplying correct information. If more space is needed, attach a separate sheet to this form. On the top of any additional pages, write your name and case number (if known). Answer every question.

	About Debtor 1:	About Debtor 2 (Spouse Only in a Joint Case)
. Your full name	Marcus	
Write the name that is on your	First name	First name
government-issued picture	Dewayne	
identification (for example, your driver's license or passport).	Middle name	Middle name
,	McCoy	
Bring your picture identification to your meeting with the trustee.	Last name	Last name
	Suffix (Sr., Jr, II, III)	Suffix (Sr., Jr, II, III)
All other names you have		
2. All other names you have used in the last 8 years	First name	First name
Include your married or maiden		
names and any assumed, trade names and doing business as	Middle name	Middle name
names.	Last name	Last name
Do NOT list the name of any		
separate legal entity such as a corporation, partnership, or LLC that is not filing this petition.	Business name (if applicable)	Business name (if applicable)
	Business name (if applicable)	Business name (if applicable)
Only the last 4 digits of very		
S. Only the last 4 digits of your Social Security number or	xxx - xx - <u>1</u> <u>4</u> <u>8</u> <u>4</u>	xxx - xx
federal Individual Taxpayer	OR	OR
Identification number		

Deb	tor 1 Marc	cus [Dewayne	McCoy		Cas	se number (if known).		
	First	Name N	Middle Name	Last Name		•			_
			About Debtor 1:			About Deb	otor 2 (Spouse Only	in a Joint	Case):
4.	Your Employer Id Number (EIN), if a				_	 EIN			_
			<u>EIN</u>		_	<u>—</u> -			_
5.	Where you live					If Debtor 2	lives at a different a	address:	
			2661 Claremont Dr						
			Number Street			Number	Street		
			Grand Prairie, TX 7						
			City	State	ZIP Code	City		State	ZIP Code
			County			County			
			If your mailing addrefill it in here. Note the you at this mailing ad Number Street	at the court will send		it in here. N	's mailing address is Note that the court w ing address. Street		
			P.O. Box			P.O. Box			
			City	State	ZIP Code	City		State	ZIP Code
6.	Why you are cho	osing <i>this</i>	Check one:			Check one	:		
	district to the for	Банкгирісу	Over the last 180 have lived in this district.	days before filing th district longer than in	is petition, I n any other	Over the have lived district.	ne last 180 days befored in this district lor	ore filing th	nis petition, I n any other
			I have another re (See 28 U.S.C. §				another reason. Exp 8 U.S.C. § 1408)	olain.	

Debtor 1 Dewayne **McCoy** Marcus Case number (if known) First Name Middle Name Last Name Part 2: Tell the Court About Your Bankruptcy Case The chapter of the Bankruptcy Check one. (For a brief description of each, see Notice Required by 11 U.S.C. § 342(b) for Individuals Filing for Code you are choosing to file Bankruptcy (Form 2010)). Also, go to the top of page 1 and check the appropriate box. under Chapter 7 Chapter 11 Chapter 12 Chapter 13 I will pay the entire fee when I file my petition. Please check with the clerk's office in your local court for more How you will pay the fee details about how you may pay. Typically, if you are paying the fee yourself, you may pay with cash, cashier's check, or money order. If your attorney is submitting your payment on your behalf, your attorney may pay with a credit card or check with a pre-printed address. I need to pay the fee in installments. If you choose this option, sign and attach the Application for Individuals to Pay The Filing Fee in Installments (Official Form 103A). I request that my fee be waived (You may request this option only if you are filing for Chapter 7. By law, a judge may, but is not required to, waive your fee, and may do so only if your income is less than 150% of the official poverty line that applies to your family size and you are unable to pay the fee in installments). If you choose this option, you must fill out the Application to Have the Chapter 7 Filing Fee Waived (Official Form 103B) and file it with your petition. **✓**No. Have you filed for bankruptcy within the last 8 years? When Case number MM / DD / YYYY When _ Case number MM / DD / YYYY When Case number MM / DD / YYYY $\mathbf{\Delta}_{No}$ 10. Are any bankruptcy cases pending or being filed by a Yes. Debtor ___ Relationship to you spouse who is not filing this case with you, or by a When Case number, if known District business partner, or by an affiliate? MM / DD / YYYY Relationship to you Case number, if known _____ MM / DD / YYYY No. Go to line 12. 11. Do you rent your residence? ☐ Yes. Has your landlord obtained an eviction judgment against you? No. Go to line 12.

as part of this bankruptcy petition.

Yes. Fill out Initial Statement About an Eviction Judgment Against You (Form 101A) and file it

Debtor 1 Marcus Dewayne **McCoy** Case number (if known) ___ First Name Middle Name Last Name Part 3: Report About Any Businesses You Own as a Sole Proprietor No. Go to Part 4. 12. Are you a sole proprietor of any full- or part-time ☐ Yes. Name and location of business business? A sole proprietorship is a business you operate as an Name of business, if any individual, and is not a separate legal entity such as a corporation, partnership, or LLC. Street If you have more than one sole proprietorship, use a separate sheet and attach it to this petition. City State ZIP Code Check the appropriate box to describe your business: Health Care Business (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(27A)) ☐ Single Asset Real Estate (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(51B)) ☐ Stockbroker (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(53A)) Commodity Broker (as defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(6)) ■ None of the above 13. Are you filing under Chapter If you are filing under Chapter 11, the court must know whether you are a small business debtor or a debtor choosing to 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, proceed under Subchapter V so that it can set appropriate deadlines. If you indicate that you are a small business debtor or you are choosing to proceed under Subchapter V, you must attach your most recent balance sheet, statement and are you a small business of operations, cash-flow statement, and federal income tax return or if any of these documents do not exist, follow the debtor or a debtor as defined procedure in 11 U.S.C. § 1116(1)(B). by 11 U.S. C. § 1182(1)? **✓** No. I am not filing under Chapter 11. For a definition of small business debtor, see 11 U.S.C. § ☐ No. I am filing under Chapter 11, but I am NOT a small business debtor according to the definition in the 101(51D). Bankruptcy Code. Yes.

✓ Yes.

I am filing under Chapter 11, I am a small business debtor according to the definition in the Bankruptcy Code, and I do not choose to proceed under Subchapter V of Chapter 11.

Code, and I choose to proceed under Subchapter V of Chapter 11.

I am filing under Chapter 11, I am a debtor according to the definition in § 1182(1) of the Bankruptcy

City

State

ZIP Code

Debtor 1

Part 5:

 Marcus
 Dewayne
 McCoy
 Case number (if known)

 First Name
 Middle Name
 Last Name

Explain Your Efforts to Receive a Briefing About Credit Counseling

15. Tell the court whether you have received a briefing about credit counseling.

The law requires that you receive a briefing about credit counseling before you file for bankruptcy. You must truthfully check one of the following choices. If you cannot do so, you are not eligible to file.

If you file anyway, the court can dismiss your case, you will lose whatever filing fee you paid, and your creditors can begin collection activities again.

About Debtor 1:

You must check one:

I received a briefing from an approved credit counseling agency within the 180 days before I filed this bankruptcy petition, and I received a certificate of completion.

Attach a copy of the certificate and the payment plan, if any, that you developed with the agency.

I received a briefing from an approved credit counseling agency within the 180 days before I filed this bankruptcy petition, but I do not have a certificate of completion.

Within 14 days after you file this bankruptcy petition, you MUST file a copy of the certificate and payment plan, if any.

☐ I certify that I asked for credit counseling services from an approved agency, but was unable to obtain those services during the 7 days after I made my request, and exigent circumstances merit a 30-day temporary waiver of the requirement.

To ask for a 30-day temporary waiver of the requirement, attach a separate sheet explaining what efforts you made to obtain the briefing, why you were unable to obtain it before you filed for bankruptcy, and what exigent circumstances required you to file this case.

Your case may be dismissed if the court is dissatisfied with your reasons for not receiving a briefing before you filed for bankruptcy.

If the court is satisfied with your reasons, you must still receive a briefing within 30 days after you file. You must file a certificate from the approved agency, along with a copy of the payment plan you developed, if any. If you do not do so, your case may be dismissed.

Any extension of the 30-day deadline is granted only for cause and is limited to a maximum of 15 days.

_	I am not required to receive a briefing about credit
	counseling because of:

Incapacity. I have a mental illness or a mental

deficiency that makes me incapable of realizing or making rational decisions about finances.

Disability. My physical disability causes me

to be unable to participate in a briefing in person, by phone, or through the internet, even after I reasonably tried to do so.

Active duty. I am currently on active military duty in a military combat zone.

If you believe you are not required to receive a briefing about credit counseling, you must file a motion for waiver of credit counseling with the court.

About Debtor 2 (Spouse Only in a Joint Case):

You must check one:

☐ I received a briefing from an approved credit counseling agency within the 180 days before I filed this bankruptcy petition, and I received a certificate of completion.

Attach a copy of the certificate and the payment plan, if any, that you developed with the agency.

☐ I received a briefing from an approved credit counseling agency within the 180 days before I filed this bankruptcy petition, but I do not have a certificate of completion.

Within 14 days after you file this bankruptcy petition, you MUST file a copy of the certificate and payment plan, if any.

☐ I certify that I asked for credit counseling services from an approved agency, but was unable to obtain those services during the 7 days after I made my request, and exigent circumstances merit a 30-day temporary waiver of the requirement.

To ask for a 30-day temporary waiver of the requirement, attach a separate sheet explaining what efforts you made to obtain the briefing, why you were unable to obtain it before you filed for bankruptcy, and what exigent circumstances required you to file this case.

Your case may be dismissed if the court is dissatisfied with your reasons for not receiving a briefing before you filed for bankruptcy.

If the court is satisfied with your reasons, you must still receive a briefing within 30 days after you file. You must file a certificate from the approved agency, along with a copy of the payment plan you developed, if any. If you do not do so, your case may be dismissed.

Any extension of the 30-day deadline is granted only for cause and is limited to a maximum of 15 days.

)	I am not required to receive a briefing about credit
	counseling because of:

Incapacity. I have a mental illness or a mental

deficiency that makes me incapable of realizing or making rational decisions about finances.

Disability. My physical disability causes me to be unable to participate in a printing in person, by phone or

briefing in person, by phone, or through the internet, even after I reasonably tried to do so.

Active duty. I am currently on active military duty in a military combat zone.

If you believe you are not required to receive a briefing about credit counseling, you must file a motion for waiver of credit counseling with the court.

Debt	or 1	Marcus	Dewayne	МсСоу		Case r	number	(if known)
		First Name	Middle Nam	ne Last Name				(
Part	6: Answe	er These Questi	ons for Rep	orting Purposes				
16.	What kind of debts do you have? 16a. Are your debts primarily consumer debts? Consumer debts are defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(8) as "incurred by an individual primarily for a personal, family, or household purpose." No. Go to line 16b. Yes. Go to line 17.							
				r a business or investment No. Go to line 16c.		ss debts? Business debts are debts rough the operation of the busine		
			16c. St	tate the type of debts you or	we th	at are not consumer debts or bus	siness d	lebts.
17.	Do you esti exempt pro and admini paid that fu	ng under Chapter mate that after an perty is excluded strative expenses nds will be availa tion to unsecured	$_{ m y}$ \square $_{ m Ye}$ are ble		er 7.	7. Go to line 18. Do you estimate that after any exepaid that funds will be available to		
18.	How many estimate th	creditors do you at you owe?	☐ 50 ☐ 10	49	00	25,001-50,000 50,00	00-100,0	000
19.	How much assets to be	do you estimate y e worth?	□ \$5 □ \$1	0-\$50,000 50,001-\$100,000 100,001-\$500,000 500,001-\$1 million		\$1,000,001-\$10 million \$10,000,001-\$50 million \$50,000,001-\$100 million \$100,000,001-\$500 million		\$500,000,001-\$1 billion \$1,000,000,001-\$10 billion \$10,000,000,001-\$50 billion More than \$50 billion
20. Part	liabilities to		□ \$5 □ \$1	0-\$50,000 50,001-\$100,000 100,001-\$500,000 500,001-\$1 million		\$1,000,001-\$10 million \$10,000,001-\$50 million \$50,000,001-\$100 million \$100,000,001-\$500 million		\$500,000,001-\$1 billion \$1,000,000,001-\$10 billion \$10,000,000,001-\$50 billion More than \$50 billion
	you	I hav If I ha State If no have I requ I und	ave chosen to fis Code. I under attorney representational and increase trelief in acceptand making ruptcy case cases 75.	file under Chapter 7, I am a perstand the relief available usents me and I did not pay a read the notice required by accordance with the chapter of g a false statement, conceans	ware under or ag 11 U of title	each chapter, and I choose to prove to pay someone who is not at .S.C. § 342(b). e 11, United States Code, specific property, or obtaining money or property.	der Charoceed un attorned in thi	apter 7, 11,12, or 13 of title 11, United under Chapter 7. ey to help me fill out this document, I s petition.
			Executed on	02/23/2024 MM/ DD/ YYYY				

Debtor 1

Marcus

Dewayne

McCoy

Debtor 1	Marcus	Dewayne	МсСоу	Case number (if known)
	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name	

For your attorney, if you are represented by one

If you are not represented by an attorney, you do not need to file this page.

I, the attorney for the debtor(s) named in this petition, declare that I have informed the debtor(s) about eligibility to proceed under Chapter 7, 11, 12, or 13 of title 11, United States Code, and have explained the relief available under each chapter for which the person is eligible. I also certify that I have delivered to the debtor(s) the notice required by 11 U.S.C. § 342(b) and, in a case in which § 707(b)(4)(D) applies, certify that I have no knowledge after an inquiry that the information in the schedules filed with the petition is incorrect.

02/23/2024	
MM / DD / YYYY	
75231-2173	
ZIP Code	
ZIP Code	
ZIP Code	
	_
	Code

Notice Required by 11 U.S.C. § 342(b) for Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy (Form 2010)

This notice is for you if:

- You are an individual filing for bankruptcy, and
- Your debts are primarily consumer debts. Consumer debts are defined in 11 U.S.C. § 101(8) as "incurred by an individual primarily for a personal, family, or household purpose."

The types of bankruptcy that are available to individuals

Individuals who meet the qualifications may file under one of four different chapters of the Bankruptcy Code:

- Chapter 7 Liquidation
- Chapter 11— Reorganization
- Chapter 12— Voluntary repayment plan for family farmers or fishermen
- Chapter 13— Voluntary repayment plan for individuals with regular income

You should have an attorney review your decision to file for bankruptcy and the choice of chapter.

Chapter 7: Liquidation

	\$245	filing fee
	\$78	administrative fee
+	\$15	trustee surcharge
	\$338	total fee

Chapter 7 is for individuals who have financial difficulty preventing them from paying their debts and who are willing to allow their non-exempt property to be used to pay their creditors. The primary purpose of filing under chapter 7 is to have your debts discharged. The bankruptcy discharge relieves you after bankruptcy from having to pay many of your pre-bankruptcy debts. Exceptions exist for particular debts, and liens on property may still be enforced after discharge. For example, a creditor may have the right to foreclose a home mortgage or repossess an automobile.

However, if the court finds that you have committed certain kinds of improper conduct described in the Bankruptcy Code, the court may deny your discharge.

You should know that even if you file chapter 7 and you receive a discharge, some debts are not discharged under the law. Therefore, you may still be responsible to pay:

- most taxes;
- most student loans;
- most domestic support and property settlement obligations;

- most fines, penalties, forfeitures, and criminal restitution obligations; and
- certain debts that are not listed in your bankruptcy papers.

You may also be required to pay debts arising from:

- fraud or theft:
- fraud or defalcation while acting in breach of fiduciary capacity;
- intentional injuries that you inflicted; and
- death or personal injury caused by operating a motor vehicle, vessel, or aircraft while intoxicated from alcohol or drugs.

If your debts are primarily consumer debts, the court can dismiss your chapter 7 case if it finds that you have enough income to repay creditors a certain amount. You must file *Chapter 7 Statement of Your Current Monthly Income* (Official Form 122A–1) if you are an individual filing for bankruptcy under chapter 7. This form will determine your current monthly income and compare whether your income is more than the median income that applies in your state.

If your income is not above the median for your state, you will not have to complete the other chapter 7 form, the *Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation* (Official Form 122A–2).

If your income is above the median for your state, you must file a second form —the Chapter 7 Means Test Calculation (Official Form 122A–2). The calculations on the form—sometimes called the Means Test—deduct from your income living expenses and payments on certain debts to determine any amount available to pay unsecured creditors. If

your income is more than the median income for your state of residence and family size, depending on the results of the *Means Test*, the U.S. trustee, bankruptcy administrator, or creditors can file a motion to dismiss your case under § 707(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. If a motion is filed, the court will decide if your case should be dismissed. To avoid dismissal, you may choose to proceed under another chapter of the Bankruptcy Code.

If you are an individual filing for chapter 7 bankruptcy, the trustee may sell your property to pay your debts, subject to your right to exempt the property or a portion of the proceeds from the sale of the property. The property, and the proceeds from property that your bankruptcy trustee sells or liquidates that you are entitled to, is called *exempt property*. Exemptions may enable you to keep your home, a car, clothing, and household items or to receive some of the proceeds if the property is sold.

Exemptions are not automatic. To exempt property, you must list it on *Schedule C: The Property You Claim as Exempt* (Official Form 106C). If you do not list the property, the trustee may sell it and pay all of the proceeds to your creditors.

Chapter 11: Reorganization

	\$1,167	filing fee
+	\$571	administrative fee
	\$1,738	total fee

Chapter 11 is often used for reorganizing a business, but is also available to individuals. The provisions of chapter 11 are too complicated to summarize briefly.

Read These Important Warnings

Because bankruptcy can have serious long-term financial and legal consequences, including loss of your property, you should hire an attorney and carefully consider all of your options before you file. Only an attorney can give you legal advice about what can happen as a result of filing for bankruptcy and what your options are. If you do file for bankruptcy, an attorney can help you fill out the forms properly and protect you, your family, your home, and your possessions.

Although the law allows you to represent yourself in bankruptcy court, you should understand that many people find it difficult to represent themselves successfully. The rules are technical, and a mistake or inaction may harm you. If you file without an attorney, you are still responsible for knowing and following all of the legal requirements.

You should not file for bankruptcy if you are not eligible to file or if you do not intend to file the necessary documents.

Bankruptcy fraud is a serious crime; you could be fined and imprisoned if you commit fraud in your bankruptcy case. Making a false statement, concealing property, or obtaining money or property by fraud in connection with a bankruptcy case can result in fines up to \$250,000, or imprisonment for up to 20 years, or both. 18 U.S.C. §§ 152, 1341, 1519, and 3571.

Chapter 12: Repayment plan for family farmers or fishermen

	\$200	filing fee
+	\$78	administrative fee
	\$278	total fee

Similar to chapter 13, chapter 12 permits family farmers and fishermen to repay their debts over a period of time using future earnings and to discharge some debts that are not paid.

Chapter 13: Repayment plan for individuals with regular income

	\$235	filing fee
+	\$78	administrative fee
	\$313	total fee

Chapter 13 is for individuals who have regular income and would like to pay all or part of their debts in installments over a period of time and to discharge some debts that are not paid. You are eligible for chapter 13 only if your debts are not more than certain dollar amounts set forth in 11 U.S.C. § 109.

Under chapter 13, you must file with the court a plan to repay your creditors all or part of the money that you owe them, usually using your future earnings. If the court approves your plan, the court will allow you to repay your debts, as adjusted by the plan, within 3 years or 5 years, depending on your income and other factors.

After you make all the payments under your plan, many of your debts are discharged. The debts that are not discharged and that you may still be responsible to pay include:

- domestic support obligations,
- most student loans,
- certain taxes,
- debts for fraud or theft,
- debts for fraud or defalcation while acting in a fiduciary capacity,
- most criminal fines and restitution obligations,
- certain debts that are not listed in your bankruptcy papers,
- certain debts for acts that caused death or personal injury, and
- certain long-term secured debts

Warning: File Your Forms on Time

Section 521(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code requires that you promptly file detailed information about your creditors, assets, liabilities, income, expenses and general financial condition. The court may dismiss your bankruptcy case if you do not file this information within the deadlines set by the Bankruptcy Code, the Bankruptcy Rules, and the local rules of the court.

For more information about the documents and their deadlines, go to: http://www.uscourts.gov/bkforms/bankruptcy_forms.html#procedure.

Bankruptcy crimes have serious consequences

- If you knowingly and fraudulently conceal assets or make a false oath or statement under penalty of perjury—either orally or in writing—in connection with a bankruptcy case, you may be fined, imprisoned, or both.
- All information you supply in connection with a bankruptcy case is subject to examination by the Attorney General acting through the Office of the U.S. Trustee, the Office of the U.S. Attorney, and other offices and employees of the U.S. Department of Justice.

Make sure the court has your mailing address

The bankruptcy court sends notices to the mailing address you list on *Voluntary Petition for Individuals Filing for Bankruptcy*(Official Form 101). To ensure that you receive information about your case, Bankruptcy Rule 4002 requires that you notify the court of any changes in your address.

A married couple may file a bankruptcy case together—called *ajoint case*. If you file a joint case and each spouse lists the same mailing address on the bankruptcy petition, the bankruptcy court generally will mail you and your spouse one copy of each notice, unless you file a statement with the court asking that each spouse receive separate copies.

Understand which services you could receive from credit counseling agencies

The law generally requires that you receive a credit counseling briefing from an approved credit counseling agency. 11 U.S.C. § 109(h). If you are filing a joint case, both spouses must receive the briefing. With limited exceptions, you must receive it within the 180 days **before** you file your bankruptcy petition. This briefing is usually conducted by telephone or on the Internet.

In addition, after filing a bankruptcy case, you generally must complete a financial management instructional course before you can receive a discharge. If you are filing a joint case, both spouses must complete the course.

You can obtain the list of agencies approved to provide both the briefing and the instructional course from: http://justice.gov/ust/eo/hapcpa/ccde/cc_approved.html.

In Alabama and North Carolina, go to: http://www.uscourts.gov/FederalCourts /Bankruptcy/ BankruptcyResources/ApprovedCredit AndDebtCounselors.aspx.

If you do not have access to a computer, the clerk of the bankruptcy court may be able to help you obtain the list.

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS DALLAS DIVISION

IN RE: McCoy, Marcus Dewayne	CASE NO
	CHAPTER 13

		VERIFICATION OF CREDITOR MATRIX				
The above named Debtor hereby verifies that the attached list of creditors is true and correct to the best of his/her knowledge.						
Date _	02/23/2024	Signature	/s/ Marcus Dewayne McCoy			
			Marcus Dewayne McCoy, Debtor			

AcceptanceNOW

Attn: Bankruptcy 5501 Headquarters

Drive

Plano, TX 75024

Ascent Fund

6009 South Sharon Ave Sioux Falls, SD 57108

Attorney General of Texas

Collections Div/Bankruptcy Sec PO Box Box 12548 Austin, TX 78711-2548

Barksdale Federal Credit Union

Attn: Bankruptcy PO Box 9 Barksdale AFB, LA 71110-9989

CFNA

Attn: Bankruptcy PO Box 81315 Cleveland, OH 44181-0315

Chime/Stride Bank

Attn: Bankruptcy PO Box 417 San Francisco, CA 94104-0417

Comptroller of Public Accounts

Revenue Accounting/Bankruptcy Div PO Box 13528 Austin, TX 78711

Credit Systems International, Inc

Attn: Bankruptcy PO Box 1088 Arlington, TX 76004 Dallas County Tax Assessor/Collector

John R. Ames, CTA PO Box 139066 Dallas, TX 75313-9066

Dallas Up Employees Cu

8150a S Central Expy Dallas, TX 75241

Hunter Warfield

Attention: Bankruptcy 4620 Woodland

Corporate Blvd Tampa, FL 33614

Internal Revenue Service

Centralized Insolvency Operations Po Box 7346 Philadelphia, PA 19101-7346

Linebarger Goggan Blair & Sampson LLP

2777 N Stemmons Fwy Ste 1100 Dallas, TX 75207-2513

Marcus Dewayne McCoy

2661 Claremont Dr Grand Prairie, TX 75052

MOHELA

Attn: Bankruptcy 633 Spirit Dr Chesterfield, MO 63005-1243

MRS BPO, LLC.

Attn: Bankruptcy 1930 Olney Avenue

Cherry Hill, NJ 08003

Navy FCU

Attn: Bankruptcy PO Box 3000 Merrifield, VA 22119

Navy FCU

Attn: Bankruptcy PO Box 3000 Merrifield, VA 22119-3000

Navy Federal Cr Union

Attn: Bankruptcy PO Box 3000 Merrifield, VA 22119

Retail Merchants Association,

Inc

Attn: Bankruptcy 620 Crocket St

Shreveport, LA 71101

Security Finance Co

Attn: Bankruptcy/Centralized Bank

Po Box 1893

Spartanburg, SC 29304

Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission

Licenses and Permit Division PO Box 13127 Austin, TX 78711-3127

Texas Workforce Commission

TEC Building-Bankruptcy 101 E 15th St RM 370 Austin, TX 78778-0001

United States Attorney General

Department of Justice 10 and Constitution, NW Washington, DC 20530-0001 United States Trustee Rm 9C60 1100 Commerce St Dallas, TX 75242

United States Trustee -Eastern 110 N College Ave Tyler, TX 75702-0204

World Finance Corp Attn: Bankruptcy Dept PO Box 6429 Greenville, SC 29606